A BILL FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE AUTHORITY AND
A CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States
of America in Congress assembled:

I. DECLARATION OF POLICY

It is hereby declared to be the policy of the people
Sec. 1. (a) Findings and Declaration
of the United States that in order to strengthen the hand of the Government
In enacting this legislation, it is the intent of Congress to
in formulating national policies and conducting relations with other nations,
provide a comprehensive and continuous program which will effectively accomplish this object,
subject, at all times, in the paramount objective of securing the
establish the national intelligence objectives of the United States by supplying the
intelligence, the conduct of intelligence activities, the
President of the United States, the Secretaries of State, National Defense,
armies of the Government be fully coordinated, and, where determined by
the Army, the Navy, and the Air Force, and such other governmental officials
concerned with the provisions of this Act, be operated centrally for the
as shall be appropriate, with foreign intelligence of the highest possible
accomplishment of the national intelligence objectives of the United States.
To accomplish these objectives, a central intelligence agency is
required by the United States. This agency shall insure the production of
the foreign intelligence necessary to enable the appropriate officials of the
Government to be informed fully in their dealings with other nations, and to
enable these officials to formulate national policies and plans which this
Government is to pursue in order to avert future armed conflicts and assure
the common defense and security of the United States. The accomplishment of
this service comprises the national intelligence objectives of the United States.

Experience preceding, during, and following two World Wars has
proved that the uncoordinated decentralization of the collection, research,
and dissemination of foreign intelligence information among many departments
and agencies of the Government is unsatisfactory. In an attempt to remedy this
situation in times of national crises, emergency means have repeatedly been
adopted. These experiences have shown the need for a permanent, centralized,
intelligence agency so that all the foreign intelligence sources and facilities
of the Government may be utilized to the fullest extent in the production of
foreign intelligence, and so that their greatest potentialities may be
realized most efficiently and economically, with a resultant elimination of
impro ductive duplication and unnecessary overlapping of functions in the
accomplishment of the national intelligence objectives of the United States.